

§ 126.25

the port or vessels or waterfront facilities therein so requires. Confirmation of such termination or suspension by the Captain of the Port shall be given to the permittee in writing.

[CGFR 51-37, 16 FR 8679, Aug. 28, 1951]

§ 126.25 Penalties for handling designated dangerous cargo without permit.

Handling, loading, discharging, or transporting any designated dangerous cargo without a permit, as provided under § 126.17, being in force, will subject persons responsible therefore to the civil or criminal penalties provided in Section 13 of the Ports and Waterways Safety Act, as amended (33 U.S.C. 1232).

[CGD 78-023, 44 FR 4643, Jan. 22, 1979]

§ 126.27 General permit for handling dangerous cargo.

A general permit is hereby issued for the handling, storing, stowing, loading, discharging or transporting of dangerous cargo (other than designated dangerous cargo) in bulk, portable tanks, containers, or packagings, at designated waterfront facilities, conditioned upon the observance and fulfillment of the following:

(a) The conditions set forth in § 126.15 shall at all times be strictly observed.

(b) The following classes of hazardous materials classified as dangerous for transportation by vessel as listed in the Hazardous Materials Regulations Table (49 CFR 172.101), in the amounts specified, shall not be handled, stored, stowed, loaded, discharged, or transported, except when contained within railroad or high vehicles being transported across or on waterfront facilities used primarily for the transfer of railroad or highway vehicles to or from a railroad car ferry or highway vehicle ferry, or carfloats, without prior notification to the Captain of the Port:

(1) Division 1.3 (explosive) materials (as defined in 49 CFR 173.50), in excess of 1 net ton at any one time.

(2) Division 1.4 (explosive) materials (as defined in 49 CFR 173.50), in excess of 10 net tons at any one time.

(3) Flammable liquids, in excess of 10 net tons at any one time.

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(4) Flammable solids or oxidizers, in excess of 100 net tons at any one time.

(5) Flammable gases, in excess of 10 net tons at any one time.

(6) Poisons (Class A).

(7) A bulk shipment of a cargo of particular hazard as defined in § 126.10(d).

(8) A bulk shipment of a cargo of particular hazard, as defined in § 126.10(d).

(c) No Class 1 (explosive) materials (as defined in 49 CFR 173.50) or other dangerous cargoes prohibited from, or not permitted for, transportation by 46 CFR part 148 or 49 CFR parts 171 through 179 may be present on the waterfront facility.

(d) Flammable liquids and compressed gases shall be so handled and stored as to provide maximum separation from acids, corrosive liquids, or combustible materials. Storage for flammable solids or oxidizers shall be so arranged as to prevent moisture coming in contact therewith.

(e) Acids and corrosive liquids shall be so handled and stored as to prevent such acids and liquids, in event of leakage, from contacting any organic materials.

(f) Poisonous gases, poisonous liquids, and poisonous solids shall be so handled and stored as to prevent their contact with acids, corrosive liquids, flammable liquids or flammable solids.

(g) Dangerous cargo which may be stored on the waterfront facility shall be arranged in such manner as to retard the spread of fire. This may be accomplished by interspersing dangerous cargo with inert or less combustible materials.

(h) All dangerous cargo stored on the waterfront facility shall be packaged, marked, and labeled in accordance with 49 CFR parts 170-179.

(i) Storage of all radioactive materials shall be so arranged as to preclude a gamma radiation in excess of 200 milliroentgens per hour or physical equivalent at any readily accessible surface.

[CGD 78-023, 44 FR 4643, Jan. 22, 1979, as amended by CGD 75-238, 44 FR 63676, Nov. 5, 1979; CGD 75-238, 45 FR 57394, Aug. 28, 1980; CGD 92-050, 59 FR 39965, Aug. 5, 1994]